

FIVE YEARS FOR EMBEZZLEMENT OF BANK FUNDS

Concord Bank Clerk Sent to Federal Prison at Atlanta After Investigation by Grand Jury

Concord, March 9.—The grand jury in the United States court here today reported an indictment against Ernest A. Bunker, bookkeeper at the National State Capital bank of this city, for misuse of the bank's funds.

The amount of money, alleged to have been misappropriated was approximately \$17,000. Bunker was given a sentence of five years at the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., after a plea of guilty had been entered.

President J. E. Fernald of the bank stated that the institution would be in no way affected by the defection.

Mr. Bunker was represented by Alexander Murchie, who after the indictment was read, entered a plea of guilty in behalf of his client. Mr. Murchie then told the court of the case.

KITTERY

The special roll call and observance of the 30th anniversary of the Christian Endeavor connected with the Second Christian church, held on Sunday evening, March 5 at 6 o'clock, was well attended and very interesting. During the hour, several letters of greeting from ex-pastors including Rev. Eugene E. Colburn of Yarmouth, Congregational church; Rev. J. G. Denton of Westerly, R. I.; Rev. Joseph R. Laird of Newton, Pa.; Rev. C. J. Yeomans, Paterson, N. J. An original poem by Rev. E. H. May of Ogunquit, Me., and greetings from Mrs. Anna Nath of Millinocket, Me., were read by the secretary of the Christian Endeavor. Several absent members also sent messages, including Mrs. A. W. Hobbs of Allston, Mass., a charter member. At present the membership is 110, including active, associate, and cloutier members. The society at the last session of Rockingham Conference held at Amesbury, Mass., held the distinction of having raised the most money and had the largest membership of any society at the conference. A musical program consisting of a vocal solo by Rev. J. R. Land; vocal solo, Albert J. Sprague; piano solo, Josephine Moulton, was given. The leaders of the meeting were A. H. Brackett, A. L. Sprague, and Hazel L. Wagstaff was pianist.

The regular meeting of Kittery Grange, No. 385, will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Rev. Joseph R. Laird who has been passing a week in town with friends, left today for his home in Newbury, Pa.

A double celebration in honor of the

60th anniversary of Whipple Lodge is to be celebrated on March 17, with Hon. Ben. D. Wright, National Grand Chief Templar of Lockport, N. Y., as speaker. It is also the birth of Mr. Finch, a prominent Good Templar, and every lodge is expected to have at least one new member initiated on the above date. Rockingham Lodge of Portsmouth is to be present in a body, as guests. The public is also invited as it is to be a public meeting. The Grand Lodge officers will speak. Special music.

Let Gunnison repair your motor and your troubles are over. Cott's wharf, Kittery.

An important meeting of Whipple Lodge was held on Wednesday evening at Grange hall to perfect plans for the district lodge dinner.

The two wives of Earl H. Deuchorn, the Misses Leah and Vern Cottrell of Stratford, N. H., have returned home after a visit in town.

Miss May Brown of Oak Bluff passed today in Boston.

The Ladies' Circle was entertained on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. C. Moody of Otis Avenue, Mrs. Leslie Corbin and young son William, of Rogers road, have returned from a visit in Dorchester, Mass.

William Corbin who has been visiting his brother Leslie for the past three weeks has returned to his home in Portsmouth.

Master Ralph A. Sprague, young son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Sprague is quite ill at his home on Government street.

Everett W. Fernald of Waltham, Mass., is visiting relatives in town for a few days.

Mrs. Carrie E. Clark of Ipswich is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. R. Young of Rogers road.

Mr. A. H. Brackett of Love Lane is restricted to his home by illness.

Rev. Joseph R. Laird was the guest of Rev. William Forgrave at his home on Tuesday.

On last Sunday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Laird christened the young child of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lewis (nee Miss Edith Clough) at the home of her father, Oren Clough, Ferry Lane.

A very interesting program was enjoyed at a social at the home of Mrs. J. E. Burnham on March 6. Vocal and instrumental music, Misses Marion Brackett, Irene Krasner, Gertrude Ryland; harmonic solo, Mrs. Marie Tait of Providence, R. I.; vocal solo, Rev. J. R. Laird; readings, by the Misses Brown and Lillian Goodrich.

The meeting of the S. V. club, to have been held tonight at the home of Mrs. Fred Abrams of Newson Avenue, has been postponed on account of the storm.

Fred Abrams of Newson Avenue passed today in Boston attending the state show.

An Epworth League social was held on Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chester C. Lowell, Government street.

Elmer Pratt of Oak Park who went to New York on Tuesday has accepted a position at Putnam on the Canal, and will leave for there immediately.

Following the regular meeting of York Rebekah Lodge on Thursday evening, a Hobo party was held. There was a large attendance and the grotesque costumes caused much merriment among the members. Refreshments were served in novel style. The "Wearles Wives" formed a bread line and marched around the hall. At one table each was handed out a paper bag containing a hot frankfurter and roll; at another table a slice of cake was received; at another, doughnuts and cheese, and at another a cup of coffee.

Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" now from any druggist or department store. End foot torture forever—wear smaller shoes, keep your feet fresh, sweet and happy. Just think! a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents.

A most interesting lecture on "Oil,"

"units and Grasshoppers" was given at the Second Christian church by Rev. Joseph R. Laird.

—Continued from Page One.

WHEN YOU WAKE UP DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER

Wash the poisons and toxins from system before putting more food into stomach.

Says Inside-bathing makes any one look and feel clean, sweet and refreshed.

Wash yourself on the inside before breakfast like you 'do' on the outside. This is vastly more important because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing illness, while the bowel pores do.

For every ounce of food and drink taken into the stomach, nearly an ounce of waste material must be carried out of the body. If this waste material is not eliminated day by day it quickly ferments and generates poisons, gases and toxins which are absorbed or sucked into the blood stream through the lymph ducts which should suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

A splendid health measure is to drink before breakfast each day a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless way to wash these poisons, gases and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels; thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs but very little at the drug store but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on inside bathing. Men and women who are accustomed to wake up with a dull, aching head or have a furred tongue, bad taste, musty breath, sallow complexion, others who have bilious attacks, acid stomach or constipation are assured of pronounced improvement in both health and appearance, shortly.

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OLDEST SAILOR IS DEAD

Isaiah Atkins Believed to Be
Oldest Deep Sea Man in
New England.

March 10.—Isaiah Atkins, 86, believed to be New England's oldest deep sea sailor, died on Thursday at the home of his son, Rufus. He was born in Turo, Nov. 28, 1829.

When a young man he ran away from home and shipped as a cabin boy on one of the ships engaged in the East Indian trade. After 27 years before the mast he retired and settled in East Boston. He came to Gardner five years ago.

Mr. Atkins Believed to Be
Oldest Deep Sea Man in
New England.

(Continued from Page One.)

from New Hampshire indicates that the great majority of the "plain people" agree with me, and want to avoid war by all honorable means. Lawyers may quibble, editors may luminate, but, after all, the man who is clothed with the responsibility must vote his honest convictions, and assume the responsibility.

And Leave It to Them
"That I did, and shall do, leaving the decision to the people of New Hampshire, who, I feel reasonably sure, will not be swerved from what they conceive to be correct views by attacks upon me personally, from whatever source they may come."

Breakfast Breads
NUT BREAD.—This makes delicious sandwiches used for bread and butter, or for biscuit with coffee. A cupful of sugar, a cupful and a half of sweet milk, shelled pecans (chopped), an egg, four cupsfuls sifted with four teaspoonsfuls baking powder. Bake in deep bread pan, filling it about half full. Then let it stand twenty minutes before baking an hour in a slow oven. Slice like thin bread. It is even better the second day.

SOUR MILK OATMEAL CAKES.—A cupful of white sugar, one-half cupful of butter, a cupful of oatmeal, a cupful of grated coconut, a cupful of chopped raisins, a teaspoonful of soda, two cupfuls of flour. Mix in the raisins and coconut and then add gradually the oatmeal and flour. Drop from a teaspoon on to buttered bread. Bake in a quick oven.

BAKING POWDER BISCUITS.—In a mixing bowl put two cupfuls sifted flour, a level teaspoonful salt, four level teaspoonsfuls baking powder. Mix and sift several times, rub in two level teaspoonsfuls butter or one of butter and one of lard till fine and pebbly. Wet with a cupful of milk and mix into a stiff dough. Toss on to a well floured board and pat out with rolling pin, using flour enough on board to prevent sticking. Bake in hot oven from ten to fifteen minutes.

GRAHAM BREAD.—A cupful scalded milk, a cupful lukewarm water, a yeast cake, four tablespoonsfuls molasses, two tablespoonsfuls lard, a teaspoonful salt, four cupfuls graham flour, a cupful bread flour. Dissolve yeast in lukewarm liquid, add molasses and lard and then the flour and salt. Knead thoroughly or use bread mixer, only keep dough soft. Let rise once, shape into loaves, let also stand an hour. Make two good sized loaves.

Eggless Corn Muffins.—Mix and sift a cupful of granulated cornmeal, one-half cupful of pastry flour (sifted), one-fourth cupful of sugar, two large teaspoonsfuls of baking powder (measured level) and one teaspoonful of salt; then add gradually, while stirring constantly, a cupful of milk. Beat one minute and add two tablespoonsfuls or melted butter. Bake in a hot oven twenty minutes.

Eggless Corn Muffins.—Mix and sift

the first annual report of President Herman C. Bump of Tufts College is most optimistic with regard to conditions at Tufts. President Bump reports that the enrollment has increased 25 per cent during the past year and that the scholarship is being raised by the broadened entrance requirements. The total endowment of the college will endear the farming industry of New Hampshire because an increase in cost of transporting and marketing milk is always taken out of the unorganized farmers who are at the mercy of the milk dealers. W. H. Elliott of Madbury, N. H., declared that reckless driving of the Boston and Maine seems to have faded that road in the ditch and as usual in such cases, they plan to get the nearest farmers to haul them out! Several fits occurred at the hearing between counsel on the request for the Boston and Maine to prepare, comparatively estimates of the cost of transportation by the open car and the leased car systems. Charles S. Pierce, counsel for the railroad, said he would see that same estimates were prepared, but insisted that they were not part of the present hearing.

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Indications are that there will not be any change for some years to come in the death penalty for murder in Massachusetts. Representative Hill sought in the house of representatives to substitute a bill abolishing capital punishment for the adverse report of the committee on judiciary, but was voted down only 37 votes, while 91 members voted against the motion. The vote showed conclusively that the present penalty of death in the electric chair for first degree murder will probably stand for some time to come. Representative Hill sought a roll call after his first vote was lost but failed to secure a record vote.

The First Bomb.

The bomb came into being during the troublous times in France toward the close of the eighteenth century. Its inventor was a French fanatic named Chevalier, who had conceived such an intense hatred of Napoleon that he determined to kill him.

Being employed at a government small arms factory, he had gained some knowledge of explosives, and with this knowledge he managed to construct a bomb out of a barrel, which he filled with a mixture of powder, bullets, broken glass and white arsenic.

Chevalier's idea was for the bomb to explode under Napoleon's carriage as it passed through the streets of Paris. A miscalculation, however, caused it to go off a few seconds too soon.

Lord Clevenger succeeded in his object the whole history of Europe would be course; his been changed.—Pearson's Weekly.

Getting into a Scrape.

Many years ago the wild deer that roamed through the forests of England used to dig holes in the earth with their forefeet. They paved it out

sometimes to the depth of several inches; sometimes a foot, or more.

These holes were called "scrapes" and travelers at dusk or night or those who were careless about their footing often tumbled into them. They were taught at for their heedlessness when they came home covered with mud, and as this frequently occurred after they had been tramping a bit they were said to have "got into a scrape." Some Cambridge students took up this expression, and thus it came to be applied to people who had got into difficulties of various sorts.

John J. Martin, retiring president of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange, declared at a dinner of the association that Governor Samuel W. McCall is one of the few popular men in politics and said that the reason that most politicians are not well liked is because they are not good business men. "Men who have had no business experience," he said "are not longer qualified to meet the great problems of administering government. I regard it as a real duty of all business men to help in the government," he said.

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GERMAN ATTEMPTS FAIL TO RECOVER LOST GROUND

Repeated Attacks on Territory Retaken by French on Wednesday, are Rebuffed With Heavy Losses—Bethincourt Remains in Hands of Joffre's Forces

London, March 9.—As a result of the repulse of the Germans, who in repeated attacks tried to regain Bethincourt, northwest of Verdun, and to advance between Douaumont and Vaux, north of Verdun, the French line starting west of the Meuse in the Verdun battle now runs from Bethincourt, by Corbeaux wood and the northern part of Cumeres, to the upper end of Cote de l'Oie. This brings it in advance of the first line of resistance, which was constituted by positions running from Mort Homme Hill to the south of Cumeres, and continuing along the curve in the right bank of the Meuse, south of Champneuville, through Lemoine, Douaumont, north of Verdun and Morancé, Blanze to Tresnes on the east of Verdun. Bethincourt is ten miles northwest of the fortress and lies just to the north of Dead Man's Hill, the dominating position on the Forges Brook heights from which the fire of French guns has been hammering German operations, not only west of the Meuse but by long range fire helping to break up attempted advances on the opposite side of the stream. Military observers express the belief that the Germans originally intended a frontal attack on Verdun, which was to be accompanied by two flank attacks one in the west and the other on the west bank of the Meuse which might develop into the main attack. Desiring, however, to justify a premature announcement of the capture of Douaumont the Crown Prince kept 200,000 men on the right bank of the river against the advice of his generals, who insisted that they could be better employed on the other bank. Now that the Germans have begun the flank attack, the French critics say, it is too late by ten days. Evidently the French still are apprehensive of a stroke by the Germans in the Argonne region, where a drive south would threaten communication with Verdun, for the artillery is busy pounding German transport routes, notably in the eastern Argonne, close to the edge of the Verdun positions.

French Fire, German Works
Paris, March 9.—The text of the official communication regarding the silent west of Verdun says: "North of the Aisne destructive fires have been carried out against the enemy works on the plateau of Craonne and the environs of Pusly, north of Soissons. In the Argonne we concentrated our fire on the German organizations at Haute Shevauchee and the Cheppes wood." The Belgian official communication reads: "Minor artillery actions occurred at several points of the front. A violent engagement with bombs took place near the Ferryman's house."

British Busy with French Guns
London, March 9.—The British official statement on the campaign in the west issued last night, reads: "Last night the enemy sprung a mine near the Ypres-Comines railroad, doing no damage. Our artillery bombarded that vicinity today." "By exploding a small mine today eastward of Laventie we interrupted the enemy's mining. Near Gouy there has been fighting with trench mortars during which we did considerable damage to the enemy's defences. The enemy shelled our position in craters to the east of Vervelles. Elsewhere nothing occurred."

Sixteen Raiders Bomb Metz
Paris, March 9.—The French official statement says: "One of our bombing groups, composed of sixteen aeroplanes, dropped 124 shells of all calibres on the Metz-Sablon station, where there were several trains. The projectiles struck well. A squadron of enemy aeroplanes gave chase to our machines, which returned to their base with the exception of one which was obliged to make a landing owing to motor-trouble."

Zeppelin Casualty List Grows
London, March 9.—The War Office announces that five persons, previously reported injured in the recent air raid, have died. Total casualties in all areas attacked by the airships follow: Killed, nine men, four women and five children; injured, twenty-two men, twenty-two women and eight children. Messages from Kent assert that one of the Zeppelins in Sunday's raid was damaged by anti-aircraft guns. One despatch says: "It is reported that an explosion took place on board the Zeppelin when it was hit, and this partially crippled it. A broken portion of a Zeppelin propeller was found in Kent."

Turk Defends Grumbling
Petrograd, via London, March 9.—Russian troops have captured the town of Riza (Izhev) on the Black Sea, thirty-five miles east of Trebzon. This announcement is made in the official statement issued from general headquarters, which adds that the Russians have also occupied the town of Sehna, north of Kermanshah in Persia.

great determination against hostile forces double their number. The position on Cote IIII was similar. The Germans were held in check as long as day light lasted. However, sheltering them selves in ravines in Corbeaux wood, they managed to force a way up a narrow lane leading to Comieres wood, which stands on the top of the ridge. Hill, Goose and Dead Man's hills, only to be driven out of the greater part of their conquest by a French counter-attack on Wednesday.

German Losses Are Heavy
The German losses in officers are particularly heavy, according to statements made by prisoners, and this fact is believed to be the explanation of the unexpected spectacle of German officers up to the rank of general, by orders of the Emperor, leading their men into action, instead of allowing them. This sight had not been witnessed, it is said, for many months. Wave after wave of densely packed masses dashed forward on Bethincourt, but the Frenchmen, having emerged from shelter as soon as the preliminary bombardment had ceased, directed such an effective fire from carefully placed machine guns, accompanied by fire from rifles and 75-millimeter guns, that after struggling boldly again and again, the assailants finally gave up and retreated. Encouraged by their successful resistance, the Frenchmen won back Corbeaux wood, which they had lost the day before. It was considered that the honors of the day rested with the French, but the situation remained undecided. Artillerymen on both sides are living up to the reputation already established for the battle of Verdun as the greatest artillery duel of the war. Many sections of the French front on Sunday and Monday just received an average of 100,000 shells in twelve hours. Whole woods were reduced to kindling material. The little river at Forges disappeared altogether, having been dumped in half a dozen places, and thirty feet of the crest of Hill No. 213, near Forges, was blown away.

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NEW MARKET FOR AMERICAN COTTON

Department of Commerce, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., March 9.—There is a market for \$1,000,000 worth of cotton goods annually in the Straits Settlements and the United States has a smaller share of the trade than any other competitor. For the last four years our sales in this quarter have amounted to only \$2,000 annually. In report entitled "Cotton Goods in the Straits Settlements," just issued by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, it is asserted that American manufacturers have either overlooked this market entirely or have failed to appreciate it because there has been available no first-hand information regarding it.

"The chief obstacle to American trade in cotton goods," the report states, "and as a matter of fact, in the Straits Settlements, is the lack of an American importing firm in the Straits Settlements. It would not be true, however, to say that no British importing houses, which handle nearly all the business, are adverse to purchasing American merchandise, because many of them are actually importing a considerable quantity of goods from the United States, and an American traveler who recently spent some time in Singapore, made a thorough canvas of the market and succeeded in getting some very substantial orders, asserts that when he could furnish the goods at competitive prices he could in most cases get the business."

The greater part of the report is taken up with careful descriptions of the kinds of cotton goods in demand in the Straits Settlements, although considerable space is given to an analysis of trade statistics. For the assistance of American manufacturers, Ralph M. Odell, the author of the report, collected a hundred samples of cotton goods actually in demand in

the Straits Settlements. These samples are described in the report and the samples themselves will be sent to the various textile centers for examination by the manufacturers interested in the Far Eastern markets.

A valuable chapter is devoted to such important subjects as obstacles to trade, steamship lines and rates, practical information, and language, currency, tariffs, etc. The most certain way of building up a large trade in the Straits Settlements, the report states, is to send a fully qualified salesman, who should carry other lines, such as hosiery, underwear and other made-up articles.

"It will doubtless surprise many American manufacturers," concludes Mr. Odell, "to learn that the cotton-goods trade of the Straits Settlements is so large and that it exceeds in value the aggregate trade of the Red Sea district and East Africa, with which they are more or less familiar. It is true that we have not manufactured some of the important lines in this trade, but we do manufacture some of the lines, and our failure to secure a share of the trade appears to be the result of all to indifference and neglect. The market is well worth more attention and if properly studied will in a few years become an important outlet for American cotton goods."

The new bulletin is designated Special Agents Series No. 115 and is sold for the nominal sum of 10 cents by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce and by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. It contains 57 pages.

BONNIE RYE WHISKEY
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YORK MAN

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

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Portsmouth, N. H., Friday, March 10, 1916.



Mrs. Julia Elizabeth Junkins.

The sudden death of Mrs. Julia Elizabeth Junkins was a distinct shock to the citizens of Portsmouth, and her departure from this life calls for more than passing notice. There are too few such women in New Hampshire, and her loss will be felt, not only in Portsmouth, but in various towns in this vicinity. She was the type of woman that carried joy and happiness wherever her presence was. She believed in living for others, and her work in the charities of Portsmouth carried with it that gentle touch and generosity of spirit that made her loved by all with whom she met. Clouds never surrounded or hung over the life of Mrs. Junkins. She scattered them with her pleasant smiles and kind words.

As a member of the church, of the woman's department of the Y. M. C. A., and of the various historical societies, she was ever busy in furthering the work for good and for greater happiness and prosperity to the members of those organizations.

Her home has always been an open door for everything that tended to benefit dear old Portsmouth. It can be said with due consideration that this noble woman gave her life for that which she loved most—the happiness and prosperity of her friends and her city. One cannot but feel a deal of satisfaction to receive her smile whenever in the presence of this beautiful and most noble woman. Her loss will be felt in many homes, and her departure will leave sadness in the hearts of thousands. Her memory and her life work in this community will live for years, and her character and ways of living will be an inspiration to thousands of friends to do their part in life's work, that may return in glory and satisfaction gathered from the work and life of this beloved daughter of Portsmouth. Every citizen of Portsmouth will mourn her death and wish for the greatest comfort for her distinguished husband, Dr. William O. Junkins.

The Evil of Gossip.

An evangelist addressing a women's meeting a few days ago took up the subject of gossiping and endeavored to impress upon the minds of his hearers the evil of a practice that is altogether too common. He said the gossip has the ability to see things as they are not, and then to advertise what they think they see. "It is amazing," he said, "how much some people know about other people's affairs, especially the things that never really happen."

It is easy to judge from these few words the general trend of the minister's talk on this occasion, and all except persons addicted to gossip are aware that the warning he uttered is one that should be heeded.

There is nothing new or novel about gossiping. It is as old as the human race, and while there may be reason to fear that the vicious practice may never be wholly eliminated it is well that the evil should be pointed out and emphasized from time to time, to the end that people who indulge in gossip through thoughtlessness rather than malice, as is the case with most of those who are guilty of the practice, may be brought to see the error of their way and to abandon it once and forever a habit that is harmful alike to those who engage in gossip and to the victims of their wagging tongues.

While some gossip is absolutely malicious, it is easy to believe that in most cases there is no intent to do harm. Many well-meaning persons have fallen into the habit of talking idly and carelessly about people they know, and often words are thoughtlessly dropped that cause needless pain and sorrow.

This minister's words to these women were timely. At this time, when women are striving so hard to make the world better, they might well give attention to the baneful habit of gossiping and endeavor to check a practice that is productive of harm only. And the practice is not confined to women. There are men, and too many of them, who are not as careful as they ought to be about what they say of others.

All should remember that the spoken word is like the speed arrow, something that cannot be recalled. An idle word is liable to work injury that can never be atoned for, and the thoughtful man and woman will be guarded in what they say of others. Many friendships have been severed and many a life has been blasted by the tongue of gossip. Far better is that charity which covereth a multitude of sins, and which all should exercise to the extent of their ability.

The people of Russia must realize very distinctly that their country is at war. Passenger traffic on the railroad from Petrograd to Moscow is to be stopped for a week to make way for freight and war traffic, and the Duma is being urged to prohibit the importation of luxuries. But the fact that such a step is demanded shows that not all of the people have been impoverished.

Eggs not 95 per cent good will hereafter be barred from interstate shipment. But why should 5 per cent of rotteness be tolerated in this important food staple?

J. Perley Putnam Wants the County Treasurer's Berth.

J. Perley Putnam of York will be a candidate for the office of county treasurer. Mr. Putnam made the declaration this week. This will be the second time Mr. Putnam has been a candidate, having been defeated by the present incumbent, Fred I. Luce, who has now served two terms.

J. Perley Putnam is well known throughout the county, and his former showing presages a victory this time. Up to the present there is no other candidate in the field; Mr. Luce having served two terms will hardly care for another.

The withdrawal of B. S. Woodward as a candidate for sheriff of the county leaves Mr. Putnam the only York man asking for an office within the gift of the county alone. Undoubtedly the fact that the two York men were out for a county office before, helped to defeat them both.

HEARD AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

"We must not let the voters of the country overlook the fact that had the rates of duty provided by the Republican tariff law been in effect during the past two years, on the imports received into this country during that period, the revenues would have been sufficient to meet all of the running expenses of the government, notwithstanding Democratic extravagance, and there would have still been a balance left in the treasury." Thus spoke Republican Pennsylvania representative. "It shows the difference between the policies of the two parties. The Republican party in times of profound peace has never found it necessary to levy direct taxes on the people. It has always been able to meet ordinary as well as extraordinary expenses by indirect taxation, which has largely been paid by the foreign. With a depleted treasury and no improvement in sight the Democratic party is sure to face with additional problems of taxation, most of which must fall directly on the backs of the people. If the Republican party were in power today with a protective tariff, there would be no necessity for this, neither would there be a 'war tax' and many other burdens."

"The Republican campaign will go into the campaign of 1916, active, vigorous and the coming national convention at Chicago will elect a candidate who will meet with the support and approbation of the people," said an Illinois representative to a group of congressional friends. "All through the country there has arisen a great desire on the part of the people to rid the country for Democracy and what it stands for. Both the foreign and fiscal policies of the administration have greatly displeased the American people and they are ready to turn to the party which stands for progress and prosperity and which will uphold American honor in all portions of the world. The dilly-dallying and hesitation which has marked this administration in its foreign policy will cost it thousands of votes. The constant shifting of the views of the president on public questions has shaken the confidence of the people in his stability."

"There is at least an even chance that Oklahoma will swing into the Republican column in the elections this fall, that we will gain two Republican congressmen from that state and that many gains will be made by the party in state offices," said a Middle West Republican congressman to a group of colleagues. "For some time Oklahoma has been heading towards republicanism. The development of the state has brought in many new residents from the eastern states who are of our party faith. The Democrats, realizing they were dispossessed, have been endeavoring to disfranchise the negro in that state, hoping to save their bacon, but they have made such a mess of it, which ended with the disgraceful row in the legislature a few days since, that Republican opinion in the state has been stirred by such tactics. It has hurt the Democrats and driven many voters to the ranks of the Republicans, and when November comes do not be surprised if Oklahoma joins up in the list of Republican states. Certainly the indication points that way, and at least two of the present Democratic congressmen are greatly alarmed over the outlook in their districts."

"India is surely heading towards republicanism. We will elect a governor, a United States senator, make a gall of several congressmen and carry the state for the national ticket. From present indications Congressman Adlai will win the nomination for governor on the Democratic ticket. He is the machine candidate and has the backing of Tom Taggart. Already his candidacy is opposed by the leading Democratic leaders of the state and there is much opposition in the party against him. All along the line Republican victory seems almost assured."

"The future troubles of America will grow out of the construction and enforcement of an international contract—designated the Monroe doctrine—that American doctrine which prohibits any government of kings or emperors from establishing their representatives or their form of government upon the western hemisphere. The conflicts which will be waged against America will not arise during the present European war."

They will come upon us at the close of the European war, sustained by the combined armies of all of the countries now engaged in the European conflict.

The desire for the trade of South America by Europe, the desire for a new field of venture and the planting of colonies will bring about the demand on America to surrender her present position in support of the Monroe doctrine. Then will come the first severe conflict of arms. The European country defining us will bring its forces to South or Central America and establish them and call upon us to advance to the South American country to dislodge them. By Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois.

ed." These were the words of a congressman from that state.

The New York Journal of Commerce published a special from Washington, which attempts to show a change of attitude among certain interests throughout the country on the subject of the tariff. "The old style demand for practically prohibitory protection is growing weaker in many sections," says the article, and in some quarters is disappearing. It is doubtful if any such demand ever seriously existed.

The American sentiment for protection is honest and sincere, as represented in the legislation of the Republican party, has never been for absolute prohibition of imports.

A fair adjustment of duty rates which would give our producers an even break in their home market is what they have asked. The Republican party has always placed its chief reliance for revenue on the protective tariff—a tax paid chiefly by the foreigner and which is of general benefit to the country. Obviously the laying of extraordinary rates would result in his loss of this revenue to the extent that the rates were prohibitory, and Republican laws have been remarkably good revenue producers.

The Underwood law was characterized by its framers as a "protective" measure. It is, to the limit.

Under H. 74 per cent of our imports are coming in free and the average duty now hovers around eight per cent. As a revenue producer it is a failure, and the Democrats are now suggesting 57 varieties of taxation to bolster it up.

The change of attitude on the tariff where it exists is in the direction of the Republican protection idea. This change has been most marked in the South, which, if it could vote on the tariff today, would show a huge majority for the protective policy.

Secretary McAdoo asks bids for 1,200,000 pounds of bank note paper. Is there to be an issue of shin plasters with the fictitious net balance in the general fund of the treasury to redeem them?

The Democratic board of general appraisers evidently does not believe in "art for art's sake," but for the sake of increased revenue. A marble man and a round temple of stone, to be set up in a garden, were imported.

The collector of customs levied duty on them at 45 per cent as manufacturers' of marble, thereby proving his intelligibility for appointment to the Fine Arts commission. The board of general appraisers sustained him, but the U. S. court of customs appeals dwelling beneath the classic domes of Washington reversed the decision of the board and permitted these works of art to come in at 15 per cent. The government will retain the excess.

"Foreign relations taking first place" may a headline in the New York Journal of Commerce. The article following goes on to say that economic questions as political issues are being forced to the rear. The president said some time ago that the Republicans would have but one issue—the tariff. But he has changed his mind again, and given them another—the foreign

CURRENT OPINION

Enforcement of Monroe Doctrine a Source of Future Trouble.

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They will come upon us at the close of the European war, sustained by the combined armies of all of the countries now engaged in the European conflict.

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polity. The Republicans will meet him on his own ground with either one or both.

Chancellor Day of Syracuse University suggests if our coast cities are successfully attacked it would be practicable for the whole population of the United States to take to the Woods. "Where are those woods?" Democrats are asking.

Is the American Eagle getting too proud to scream? New York Sun. Whether it has been made to look more like a dove or a parrot would be an interesting subject of debate. Philadelphia Ledger. The universal opinion seems to be that it has joined the ranks of the Dodo.

Mr. Bryan while denouncing Mr. Wilson for having gone "Joy-riding with the Jingoos" insists that he has no personal differences with his former chief. We believe that sacred history tells of one who approached his victim asking, "Art thou in health, my brother?"

The recent disgraceful scenes in the Democratic legislature of Oklahoma are the logical result of President Wilson's pardon of two (Democratic) politicians who were convicted for enforcing the "grandfather clause" which the supreme court has declared invalid. When a man who is sworn as the President is to maintain the Constitution, will pardon, for partisan reasons, men who have violated the constitution, he passes the word to all the thugs to get busy.

We have always agreed with the utterances of George W. Perkins in matters political, but he surely strikes responsive chord in our nature when he describes himself as believing in Republicanism "of the Abraham Lincoln, Thomas B. Reed, James G. Blaine, William McKinley brand. Regarding upon the present manner of conducting our foreign relations we are inclined to make our emphases upon the "James G. Blaine" portion of Mr. Perkins' words."

A sure-fire method of breaking into the headlines these days is for the insurance companies to agree to give a dinner and invite a political or two.

A Washington dispatch to the New York "Evening Post" exults that the report on Mexico which has been sent to the Senate "is by no means as full of dynamite for this administration as the Republicans had hoped." The dynamite, let me say, exists. It may be kept in cold storage or the files of the state department for a time. But it is bound to explode one of these days. Concealment of facts never yet helped an administration.

"The Congress," remarks the Indiana Times, "waits for action by a President backed by the people." This congress will never get it. But the next congress will be Republican, the next President will be Republican and the people will back both.

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TAKES HIS

MEXICANS RAID

NEW POSITION

RANCH HOUSES

Portsmouth Man Appointed Gen. Mgr. of U. S. Steamship Corporation.

Again Invade U. S. Soil But Do Small Damage.

(Special to The Herald)

El Paso, March 10.—Mexican raiders crossed the border early today in small bands and raided a number of ranch houses but did not murder any Americans. The Villa command has broken into small groups which are invading the United States at points between Columbus and Hatchet. Practically all the ranches were deserted by the Americans who took their families to Columbus when news of the expected raid was given them by telephone. Reinforcements from El Paso have reached Victoria, N. M., which was reported Thursday in danger of attack. The first battalion is stationed at Hatchet, which was also reported in danger. Large bands of Mexicans were seen near that town today but they made no attempt to enter. The Americans wounded in yesterday's raid at Columbus were doing nicely today. No further deaths were reported. The total dead numbers 17.

TROOPS MAY CROSS BORDER

Washington, March 10.—Following a two-hour cabinet meeting it was said at the White House this afternoon that American troops will be sent to capture Villa. An official announcement is being prepared and will be issued very soon.

President Wilson and his cabinet went into session shortly after 11 a. m. today prepared to reach a decision on the Mexican border situation. Secretary of War Baker conferred for an hour with Gen. Hugh L. Scott before he went to the White House. It was understood that he carried the recommendations of the army chief to the President.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Real estate transfers recorded at the Rockingham county registry of deeds this week are:

Fred L. Shaw, Portsmouth, to Wadsworth, land on Sagamore road.

Sarah Fuller, Portsmouth, to Frank Fuller, Kittery, Me., land in Portsmouth.

Lucy H. Caswell to John H., and Margaret Clifford, land and buildings in Portsmouth.

William F. Maddek, Derry, to Jessie G. MacMurphy, Harriet P. Louder, Washington, D. C., and William H., and John A., Clark, land in Derry.

Martha M. Cummings, Derry, to George Grant, land in Derry.

Frank E. Avery, Londonderry, to Claire B. Curtis, land and buildings in Londonderry.

Mary J. Dominick, Kingston, to Daniel J. Buley, land in Kingston.

George S. Sturton, Sudbury, to Patrick J. Chery, land in Sudbury.

Emma A. Thomas, Lowell, Mass., to Addison J. Dewey, Lowell, Mass., real estate in Windham.

Working Two Shifts

In order to keep up with the large amount of work on hand, two shifts are now employed in the electrical shops of the yard. The second shift reports for duty at 11 p. m.

Gone to Panama

Elmer Price of Kittery a shipwright at the yard has been discharged at his own request and has accepted a position at his yard at Panama.

Fireman Called

REAL ESTATE EXETER COLORED VETERAN DEAD

Tenements rented, rents collected and general supervision given.

SEE
J. G. TOBEY
LAWYER
48 Congress St.
Granite State Building.
Telephone 135.

SHOW RESULTS OF EFFICIENCY

Boston & Maine Earnings on the Increase.

Boston, March 10.—The price of Boston & Maine common refuses to recede from the level established following the announcement of the reorganization scheme. Current buying is of course based on the road's earnings. The increase in traffic offerings comes on top of marked improvement in operation and advances in rates.

While the New Haven is unable to take 20,000 cars awaiting on connections for its rails, Boston & Maine is so uncongested as actually to be enlisting the services of the navy to assist in the removal of the road's earnings. The increase in traffic offerings comes on top of marked improvement in operation and advances in rates.

At the breaking out of the Rebellion, Freeman was a bright and active youth, and decided that his country needed his services so he enlisted in the navy, first being placed on the slop of *U.S.S. Sylvan* and was later transferred to the U. S. S. *Lancaster*. During the remaining years of the war it was his lot to be cruising in the waters of the Pacific and thus he did not take part in the navy battles, but while he was in the service a Confederate ship ventured too far in the waters of the enemy, and was captured by the Lancasters.

At the close of the war he returned to Exeter, where he had lived since, except for the passing of several winters in Philadelphia, where he had a brother who died a few years ago. The death of Freeman marks the passing of the old time colored people.

In

Freeman was never married and is survived by a sister who lives in Philadelphia.

KITTERY POINT

There will be a special meeting for the transaction of business of the Congregational Society held in the Community house next Tuesday evening.

William Anderson is enjoying a brief vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

Miss Nellie Lewis visited her sister, Mrs. Nelson Webster of Kittery on Thursday.

A large Boston and Maine snow-plow from Portsmouth was obliged to clear the track before the train could get through from York on Thursday morning, making a delay of 45 minutes.

Miss Emma Wentworth, primary teacher at the Mitchell school left today for her home in Seabrook, Me., to pass her vacation with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Frisbee have returned from a visit in Boston.

The local schools will close today for two weeks' vacation.

The R. F. G. fancy work club will meet on Saturday afternoon with Mrs. T. B. Day.

Miss Mina Moulton, intermediate teacher at the Mitchell school left today for Sanford, Me., to attend the teachers' convention.

Roy C. Norton is passing the day in Boston attending the auto show.

Herbert E. Tobey returned to his home on Wednesday evening after visiting in Manchester and Boston for a week.

The "earn a half dollar" social which was held at the home of Rev. Wm. Fred. Coffin last evening, was well attended, as the snow plow made the walking possible. Each told in an interesting way how they earned their money, ice cream was served.

Mrs. J. C. Robinson has returned to the home of Mrs. Oscar Clark after passing a number of weeks with relatives in Boston and Philadelphia.

Captain and Mrs. T. B. Hoyt, afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited.

WAS SECRETARY TO CHANDLER.

Thomas J. Lester, who was editor of the *National Eagle* at Claremont from 1870 to 1876 and who was secretary of Senator William D. Chandler of New Hampshire from 1887 to 1890, died in Washington on Tuesday, aged 72 years. He was a graduate and subsequently a trustee of Norwich University and was engaged in mining and journalism in Michigan before locating in New Hampshire. For the past 20 years he had been connected with the bureau of supplies of the Navy Department.

Read the Want Ads

HOUSES ALL EASILY WIRED FOR ELECTRICITY

It doesn't matter how old your house may be, or what kind of floors you have. Your house can be wired for Electricity, and all the wires concealed, without any damage.

Electric light and electric appliances increase the comfort of the whole family. With current from a lamp socket the modern housekeeper may operate a flat iron, washing machine, suction cleaner, toaster or any of the many appliances now on the market.

Let us talk it over with you, it will be to your advantage.

Rockingham County Light & Power Company

TELEPHONE 130

have returned to their home after passing several days in Boston.

Miss Emma Kuking has returned to her home in West Medford, Mass., after visiting Mr. and Mrs. George S. Wasson for two weeks.

PERSONALS

Born in the North and Fought in Civil War.

Freeman Wallace, the veteran color bearer of the Moses N. Post, G. A. R., and probably the only colored veteran of Northern birth of the Civil war in this section, died Thursday morning at his home on the Newmarket road, Exeter in his 81st year. He had been ill for about two weeks and failed gradually during that time. Probably no better known and respected man has lived in Exeter where he was known by all classes and ages.

"Freem" Wallace, as he was known by all, was born in Exeter, October 1, 1833, a son of George Washington and Dorothy (Paul) Wallace, his father coming here from Gilmanston and was said to have been 104 years old at the time of his death, while his father Freeman's grandfather was even older.

At the breaking out of the Rebellion, Freeman was a bright and active youth, and decided that his country needed his services so he enlisted in the navy, first being placed on the slop of *U.S.S. Sylvan* and was later transferred to the U. S. S. *Lancaster*. During the remaining years of the war it was his lot to be cruising in the waters of the Pacific and thus he did not take part in the navy battles, but while he was in the service a Confederate ship ventured too far in the waters of the enemy, and was captured by the Lancasters.

At the close of the war he returned to Exeter, where he had lived since, except for the passing of several winters in Philadelphia, where he had a brother who died a few years ago. The death of Freeman marks the passing of the old time colored people.

Freeman was never married and is survived by a sister who lives in Philadelphia.

Gains over last year are now being reported in passenger revenues. This is due in part to an exhaustion of mileage and trip tickets sold before fares went up. Preliminary estimates for February show an increase of about 7 per cent, or \$30,000, in passenger earnings (against 1.06 per cent for January) and of about 37 per cent, or \$23,000, in freight earnings (against 35.01 per cent for January); but total operating revenues about 25 per cent, or \$38,000, better. If half the gross gain can be saved in fuel and salaries, as was the case in January, results for eight months would compare:

Gross	Net	Sur.
Increase	Increase	Increase
February \$78,000	\$30,600	\$39,600
January 83,327	52,900	41,193
December 76,063	37,649	23,043
November 66,193	41,746	16,246
October 102,378	200,405	218,164
September 31,616	470,510	416,551
August 35,569	312,545	279,103
July 112,807	401,150	462,533
8 months 2,651,845	2,115,235	2,951,167

Decrease.

Operations in February of last year resulted in a \$20,016 deficit after all charges and those for the eight months ended with February, 1915, yielded a \$51,376 deficit. An improvement such as the above would therefore mean surplus earnings of \$24,000 for the eight months ended Feb. 28. This balance is equal to practically 6 per cent on all outstanding stock.

The first in a series of six free organ recitals will be given at the North Church this evening at half past seven o'clock. The organist this evening will be John Hermann Loud, E. A. G. O. of the Park street church, Boston. The soloist will be Mrs. Ethel Seavey Hove.

Test for a Field Glass.

Inquiry has it that the absolute and infallible test of a field glass by the purchaser is to see what size letters can be read across the street from the optician's shop.

It isn't. The real test is to climb up a long and bushy hill until the breath comes a hundred to the minute, then search for the glass, reposing in a shirt pocket, to see whether the brick is the one you want before you fire. If it won't go in your shirt pocket it is not the glass you want; others are made that will. If, it shakes in your right hand it is not the glass you want. You cannot see enough more with high power glass to pay for the times when it is unusable, because you cannot hold it steady.—Outing.

ORGAN RECITAL

A Literary Coincidence.

"My father, W. Clark Russell," said Herbert Russell in telling of a literary coincidence, "had finished maturing the plot of his novel, 'The Death Ship,' which is a version of the legend of Vandyckken. I was his amanuensis at the time. He said to me, 'Tomorrow we will begin the story.' On the following morning when I entered his study to take his dictation of the opening lines he showed me a letter he had just received. It was from W. B. Gilbert, the well known dramatist, asking me why he did not write a novel about the Flying Dutchman."

ETERNAL LAMPS.

A common superstition that the ancients possessed the art of making lamps which would burn forever for a long time obtained, and it was claimed that one such lamp was discovered in the tomb of Herodotus. Science, however, has long set this, together with other superstitions, forever at rest, since it has been demonstrated that fire will not burn in a chamber from which the air has been exhausted.

Clear Air.

The air is so clear at Arequipa, Peru, 8,000 feet above the sea, a black spot one inch in diameter placed on a white disk has been seen on Mount Charchani a distance of eleven miles, through a thirteen inch telescope.

Both Busy.

"I'm worn out. I've been breaking in a new cook."

"I've got my hands full too. I'm breaking in a new husband."—Brownings Magazine.

Their Fate.

"What disposition is made of the children of the couple?"

"They will spend six months with the servants of each parent."—Puck.

"Any man may commit a mistake, but none but a fool will continue in it."—Cleopatra.

One Little Year.

"One little year with its changing hours, blossoming meadows and dainty showers, shadow and sun and rain and snow; Morning splendor and evening glow; The flying minutes—how fast they go; and the little year is done."

The Herald contains both the latest foreign and local news.

TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

LOOK YOUNG! BRING BACK ITS NATURAL COLOR, GLOSS AND ATTRACTIVENESS.

Ira

St.

Clair

attended

the

auto

show

on

Thursday.

Meyer Siegel

returned

on

Thursday

from

a business

trip

to

New

York.

Miss Beatrice E. Hartford

has been

visiting

Miss

Josephine

Harris

of

Boston.

Mrs. Henry R. Rose

has been

visiting

her

home

in

North

Hampton.

President D. A. Belden

of the

R. L.

and

P. Co.

and

Mrs.

Belden

are

on

a

trip

to

Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hill

of New

York

are

in

the

city.

President D. A. Belden

of the

R. L.

and

P. Co.

and

Mrs.

WATERPOWER BILL IS PASSED BY SENATE

Conservationists Are Beaten after Weeks of Debate—Military Authorities Urged Passage as Feature of Preparedness Program

Washington, March 9.—The Shields bill authorizing the Secretary of War to grant fifty year permits for the building of dams and waterpower plants on navigable streams, passed the Senate today. The vote was 46 to 22.

This is the first vote taken by the Senate on a general waterpower development measure in the eight years that the subject of conservation of natural resources has been under consideration in Congress. Two waterpower bills passed the House last year, and died in the Senate.

Senate leaders and military authorities urged the Shields bill as a vital feature of the preparedness program. It is estimated that there is 60,000,000 horsepower of natural energy in the navigable streams of the United States of which nine-tenths is flowing to waste, these great waterpowers have been locked out of use up to now, as a special act of Congress has been necessary for each power plant, and it has been impossible to pass workable acts for the development of large waterpowers.

Senator Shields of Tennessee announced in the Senate that the passage of this bill would be followed by early development of waterpowers aggregating 15,000,000 horsepower, or a volume of electricity equal to that produced by a coal consumption of 100,000,000 tons a year. Engineers estimate that development of this amount of waterpower equal a saving of \$700,000 a day in coal bills.

It is known that a number of big electro-chemical plants for making saltpetre and nitric acid from the air have been planned by private enterprise, and will be built as soon as the Shields bill becomes a law, and makes it possible to finance these undertakings. These chemicals are essential to the manufacture of explosives and agricultural fertilizers, and at present the United States is wholly dependent for its supply upon the nitrate deposits of Chile. The Chilean government collects a high tax upon every ton of nitrate exported. There is at present not a single atmospheric nitrogen plant in this country, although Europe has 1,200,000 horsepower of hydro-electricity devoted to this use, and Germany is making 500,000 tons of saltpetre a year, in such establishments for military and agricultural uses.

Electrification of railroads, manufacture of iron and steel in electric furnaces, and extensive irrigation developments in the west, are among other benefits expected to be derived from the utilization of large waterpowers for generation of cheap electricity. Under the terms of the Shields bill, the Secretary of War is authorized to grant permits for dams and power plants where he believes the building of such dams will improve navigability of streams. Dams are to be built without cost to the government, and the grantees are to provide and operate locks, gates, sluiceways, etc., all without cost to the government, permits may be granted to individuals, political subdivisions of states, cities or other municipal corporations, or to public utility corporations. Intra-state business and rates of companies operating under the act are to be regulated by the states, and interstate service and rates by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

All plans for dams and works are to be approved by the War Department, as being the most adaptable plans for improvement of navigation and fullest use of the waterpower of the streams.

TEXTILE TARIFFS IN ARGENTINA

Washington, D. C., March 9.—The great interest in South American markets for American textiles has led the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce to compile the tariffs on textiles and manufactures of textiles in all South American countries and to issue such compilations as bulletins. The first of these bulletins deals with the tariffs of

Argentina and is now ready for distribution. Included in this bulletin are articles, ready-made clothing, hats, table and bed linens, and all other articles mentioned in the things which contain important proportions of material made of vegetable fibers.

This compilation of Argentine tariffs is based on the official text of the Argentine tariff, published in 1911, and includes all subsequent changes and decisions published in the official gazette. It is not intended to enable the American exporter to calculate exactly the rates of duty to which his product may be subject in Argentina, and thus be able to quote a duty-prepaid price to the Argentine importer. The importer is accustomed to look after the duty himself. But it is intended to give the American exporter an appropriate idea of the customs treatment of his product so that he can determine whether or not the duty is high enough to keep him out of the market. It will also enable him to find out whether he can reduce the duty by making certain changes in the composition or form of the article that will bring it under a lower tariff classification.

A study of the bulletin reveals the fact that the Argentine tariff is rather indefinite in some respects. There is nothing for instance, in the valuation schedule itself to indicate that by water proof fabrics are meant only fabrics containing rubber, or that bat bands, in order to be admitted at a reduced rate of duty, must have a warp made entirely of cotton. As a general rule, no separate provision is made for ready-made garments for children, except in the form of a note to the effect that such garments are dutiable at one-half the rates on corresponding garments for adults.

The bulletin is entitled "Import Duties on Textiles in South America," Part I, Series No. 82. It contains 34 pages, including an introduction of four pages, descriptive of general instructions for studying tariff schedules, and an index. It is sold at 10 cents, a copy by the Superintendent of Documents, Washington, and by the district offices of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

Permits are to be granted for fifty years, after which time the government may either extend the original lease, make a new grant, or upon one year's notice take over the property upon payment of its fair value, this value to be determined by mutual agreement by the Federal courts, and not to include any allowance for any rights granted by the government. The bill also provides that no value of rights granted by the government shall be allowed in fixing rates to consumers.

Dams, locks and other structures used primarily for improving navigation are to be exempt from taxation.

Privately owned dams and power plants for irrigation or for supplying power for municipal purposes, are to be given preference in making leases for surplus water powers in the streams. The bill does not apply to waterpower on small streams and creeks, used for grist mills, sawmills, etc.

The measure contains a drastic antitrust clause, providing that no plant or works constructed under its provisions shall be owned, leased, controlled or operated "by any device or in any manner so that they form part or in any way effect any combination in the form of an unlawful monopoly, or form the subjects of any unlawful constraint or conspiracy to limit the output of electric energy or in restraint of trade."

Although the war talk has prevented it from attracting any considerable public attention, the Shields bill has for several weeks been the subject of one of the most interesting debates on conservation of natural resources that has ever been held in the Senate. With the passage of this measure, the Senate will at once take up consideration of the Ferris bill for the leasing of power sites in the public domain, which passed the House last year, and again this year, almost without opposition. A number of Senate amendments to the Ferris bill, which have been approved by the Senate Committee on Public Lands, with the endorsement of Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane, make its general policy along the same lines as that of the Shields bill.

PROSPEROUS YEAR PROMISED FOR FARMERS

From the Government Crop Report issued at Washington on March 8, a prosperous year is promised for the New England Farmer, although some of the estimates are lower than those obtained in 1915. The New Hampshire estimate follows:

Corn on Farms—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year 218,000 bushels, compared with 174,000 a year ago and 171,000 two years ago. Price March 1 to producers 85 cents per bushel, compared with 86 cents a year ago and 80 cents two years ago.

Corn of Merchantable Quality—The percentage of the 1915 crop which was of merchantable quality is estimated at 78 per cent, compared with 75 per cent of the 1914 crop and 61 per cent of the 1913 crop.

Oats on Farms—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year 114,000 bushels, compared with 100,000 a year ago and 118,000 two years ago. Price March 1 to producers 55 cents per bushel, compared with 69 cents a year ago and 67 cents two years ago.

Barley on Farms—Estimated stocks on farms March 1 this year 3,000 bushels, compared with 2,000 a year ago and 6,000 two years ago. Price March 1 to producers 35 cents per bushel, compared with 50 cents a year ago and 50 cents two years ago.

The Herald contains both the latest foreign and local news.

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH DANDERINE

Spend 25 cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Dander-

ine. Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scourf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots furnish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scrappy or too oily, get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter; apply a little as directed and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itchy scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. It even helps why not now?

PERSONALLY DECORATED BY THE KAISER

HAMBURG LABORER RECEIVES IRON CROSS BY THE EMPEROR FOR BRAVERY.

Take a Glass of Sals to flush out your Kidneys and neutralize irritating acids.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from urea, says a noted authority. The kidneys, after this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread. The water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation and is very profuse; again, there is difficulty in voiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks call it, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying, and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jel Sals from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acid in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs which then act normally again.

Jel Sals is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithium, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by urea acid irritation. Jel Sals is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad after effects whatever.

Here you have a pleasant effervescent lithium-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

It is laying in one of our trenches when an officer appeared and informed our commander that I was wanted at the headquarters of the General Staff. When I pointed to my dirty clothes and remonstrated that I was not in a presentable condition I was given a few minutes to wash up and put on a clean uniform. Then a big auto took me to headquarters, where I was presented to the Emperor and the Crown Prince, the Kaiser, to my astonishment, shook my hand and calling me by name, said:

"I have heard of your bravery in the last engagement on the front of your regiment. You are a hero and I am happy to be able to award the Iron Cross of the First Class to you."

The Crown Prince pinned the decoration to my breast and then all the generals present shook hands with me. After the ceremony I was led to a beautifully set table in a large adjoining room and there I dined with the Kaiser, the Crown Prince and the highest and most famous leaders of our army. It was the proudest day of my life.

The deed for which I have been decorated was hardly great enough to merit such a reward. During the engagement mentioned by the Emperor a French detachment broke into our position. The Frenchmen were quickly cut off, though, and we captured them in a hand-to-hand fight in which we also lost heavily. Later I discovered that another French detachment had entered our trench a little further north. As our Lieutenant had been wounded I took command of the twenty-five men that remained of our detachment and started a counter attack. The fight was furious but we succeeded in capturing three French officers and 40 men more.

When I delivered the prisoners at the headquarters of our regiment I was ordered by the Colonel to carry a communication to the headquarters of the brigade. This was a pretty dangerous job, as I had to cross a section of the battlefield very close to the French trenches. I started out at ten o'clock in the evening and safely reached my destination but on my return I was discovered and taken under fire by the enemy.

Throwing myself on the ground among the hundreds of dead and wounded I kept quiet for a while and then I bandaged a Frenchman who was slowly bleeding to death. When I started to rise cautiously I discovered a French patrol which swiftly approached the spot where I was laying. Of course I had to act quickly. Shouting commands to deceive the enemy, I fired a dozen shots in quick succession. Two of the Frenchmen fell and

the others started to fire, as they believed themselves opposed by superior German forces. After a few more shots from my rifle "live men" stopped and surrendered, while three others escaped. I made the prisoners had over their pocket knives, daggers and revolvers and transported them to the headquarters of our regiment, where I arrived at one o'clock in the morning. The Colonel was at once notified of my success and arose from his bed to congratulate me."

IN MEMORIAM

An Appreciation of Mrs. Julia Elizabeth Junkins.

The sad announcement of the death of Mrs. Julia Elizabeth Junkins, wife of Dr. William O. Junkins, was heard with sincere sorrow not only in Portsmouth, her home city, but everywhere that she was known. In her death one of the most popular and lovable women of this city has entered into rest. Gentleness and kindness were marked traits of her character and her life was an exemplification of Christian living.

The keynote to her character and that which made her so beloved was a broad and generous love for humanity, which embraced everyone who came within the sphere of her influence.

Her nature was hopeful and optimistic in the extreme and she had a faculty for making friends and keeping them.

Many an act of kindness or charity was performed by her which the world never knew, as her kindly and generous nature compelled her to give a prompt and generous response to the call of the needy or suffering.

It was in her home that her influence was most felt and here the hospitality shown was unbounded. Friends and acquaintances were given a welcome overflowing with cordiality and to be a guest at her attractive home was always a pleasure to the visitor. Her friends were numbered by the scores and not one is there who can remember her in an unkindly act or an unworthy trait.

It is eminently fitting to quote the following well known lines which are applicable to this noble woman: "None knew her but to love her. None named her but to praise her."

During her illness all possible was done for her recovery and her death was a crushing blow to her relatives as all were so pleased to know she could return to her home from Boston this week where some weeks ago she underwent an operation.

To the deeply bereaved husband her loss is irreparable one, as the married life of the couple was one of devotion. But in his great sorrow he has the tender memories of a loving and devoted wife, whose cheerful presence, kindly acts and loving words will long be recalled. The memory of her helpful companionship will ever be pleasant and she will live in the hearts of her relatives and friends long after her name is but a memory. It is seldom that our community is called upon to mourn for the loss of one more loved and respected and her memory will long be revered.

GIRLS' CLUB NOTES

The dancing class on Monday evening was largely attended and much enthusiasm was shown. Mrs. Bradson will continue to teach this class for the remainder of the club year.

Basket ball practice which was

scheduled for Wednesday evening had to be postponed on account of the storm.

On Thursday afternoon several girls met in the club rooms to sew on articles for the Boston Fair. Tea, crackers and candy were served.

The monthly social which should have been held in February will be given on next Tuesday evening at 7:30. All club members are asked to come dressed so as to represent a child of five years. It will be a kindergarten school, there will be the teacher, the usual games, and refreshments appropriate for the occasion will be served. Don't forget the day, Tuesday, March 14th.

Miss Merchant, one of the National League Secretaries will visit this club on Tuesday evening, March 21st. Her subject will be the Pittsfield Convention, pictures of Pittsfield and the surrounding country will be shown.

On March 23rd the Portsmouth club is invited to Dover to give the guests of that club all girls thinking of going should hand in their names at once to Miss Clossberg.

It is hoped to run the next Auction Bridge on Thursday afternoon, March 30th.

LIGHT & KEEPER AMPUTATES FINGER

Salem, March 9.—Capt. Elliot C. Hatley, keeper of Baker's Island lighthouses, off Salem harbor, on his first visit here in several months, astonished friends when, upon slitting hands, they found the captain had lost a finger.

After some coaxing Capt. Hatley told of how he amputated the finger himself when it did not heal after being jammed in the fog horn. The operation was successful.

7-20-4

R. G. SULLIVAN
Factory's present output at the rate of forty-two millions annually. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.

FACTORY,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

7-20-4

VIA RAIL & BOAT

OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, \$1.00

GEORGIA and TENNESSEE

Only including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 18, East River, N. Y.

Improved Service. Tel. Main 1742. City Street, 216 Washington St., New York.

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THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID
46 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF PYRAMIDAL PROGRESS

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCEPT CAPITAL \$1,158,884.93
POLICY HOLDERS SURPLUS --- \$3,356,944.79

Granite State Fire Insurance Company

Of Portsmouth, N. H.

Paid Up Capital
\$200,000

OFFICERS—Calvin Page, Pres.;
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice Pres.; Al
fred E. Hazard, Secy.; John W.
Wells, Ass't Secy.



HAMPTON MAN UNCONSCIOUS IN THE SNOW

FOUND AFTER SEVERAL HOURS AT LITTLE BOAR'S HEAD BY SURFMAN FROM COAST GUARD STATION

While on patrol duty from the Walles Sands Coast Guard Station on Thursday morning after the heavy snow storm, Surfman Joseph Fernand discovered Arthur Cullum, aged 40 years, lying in an unconscious condition in the snow at Little Boar's Head. He was removed to the Coast Guard Station in a wagon, and Dr. H. A. White of Jenness' Beach was called to attend him. Cullum was in an exhausted condition due from his long exposure and was kept at the station until 5:00 o'clock in the evening when he was returned to him home, still under the care of the physician.

It was learned that Cullum left this city on the car leaving here at 10:05 in the evening and on his arrival at Cable road, Rye, he started to walk the remainder of the way to Hampton Beach, a distance of nine miles. At midnight he was met by one of the patrol of the Rye Beach Station, who asked him if he did not want to go to the station, but he said he thought he could make his way home. Some hours later he was found by Surfman Fernand completely exhausted and unconscious in the snow. In the opinion of the physician the finding of Cullum by the surfman saved his life, as death would have followed in a short time had he been exposed to the cold for a very long period. Although in a very weak condition when he started for home it is thought that he will recover.

IT'S YOUR LIVER!
YOU'RE BILIOUS,
HEADACHY, SICK.

Don't stay constipated with
breath bad, stomach sour
or a cold.

Enjoy life! Liven your liver
and bowels tonight and
feel fine.



To-night sure! Remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, breath offensive, and stomach sour. Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy, constipated and full of cold. Why don't you get a box of Cascares from the drug-store now? Eat one or two to-night and enjoy the easiest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. You'll wake up feeling fit and fine. Cascares never gripe or bother you all the next day like calomel, salts and pills. They act gently but thoroughly. Mothers should give cross, sick, bilious or feverish children a whole Cascares any time. They are harmless and children love them.

FARCE DAY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

New Hampshire still clings to an official Fast day. It is one of the institutions of the state, and she views with alarm any attempt to abolish it or obtain a modern substitute.

Fast day this year would have fallen, in the natural order of events, on Thursday in Holy Week. Unenlightened citizens of other states may reason that a day of fasting and prayer could not be observed more appropriately than in Holy Week. But they are mistaken.

It has been decided that Fast day will have to go over for another week. Public sentiment, as public sentiment is interpreted by public officials, demands it. And it is solemnly explained that, if Fast day should be observed on Thursday in Holy Week, a large number of those who observe Holy

Hybrids between the highly resistant Japanese chestnut and our native chinquapin have been raised in considerable numbers, quickly forming handsome dwarf trees, bearing at an early age profuse crops of nuts of excellent quality, five or six times the size of those of the wild chinquapin parent, and ripening weeks before any other chestnut. So far, these trees show a very high degree of disease resistance. The second generation of hybrids, grown from self or chance pollinated nuts, appear quite as good as their parents, which is an important feature when the cost of propagation of nut trees by budding and grafting is considered. Another line of breeding lies in the inter-crossing of disease-resistant Japanese and Chinese varieties that are rapidly being imported into this country by the Office of Foreign Seed and Plant Introduction, and selection of the best resulting forms.

Give the 'Mark.'
Does he aim at realism in the stories he writes?
"He may aim at it, but he doesn't hit within a million miles of it."
How's that?
The hero of his last story is a "spineless Scotchman!"—Houston Post.

The Herald is the favorite newspaper.

FRIDAY March 10

LAST DAY OF DISCOUNT ON
YOUR GAS BILL

IT'S WORTH SAVING

Portsmouth Gas Co

ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE.

Week could not enter into the "sports and pastime of Fast day."

That is all. But one is inclined to wonder whether New Hampshire has actually forgotten why Fast day was set apart and whether she is losing her sense of humor.—Boston Traveler.

Isn't it possible that New Hampshire has not forgotten why Fast Day was instituted, but that people's ideas may have changed since it was instituted? Time and people change, many customs. If the stories are to be believed the inauguration of Thanksgiving Day occurred in Nov. 1621, in Massachusetts, but it was not then the custom to play annual football games as is done now in Boston, Mass.

It is also quite probable that Fast Day will be abolished in New Hampshire by the next legislature, an effort failing last spring. The celebration of every holiday has changed much with the passing years, and perhaps New Hampshire may be among those which will do away with holidays that have passed their usefulness, or have departed from the idea for which they were set apart.

TACT AND A SPEECH.

Why Diversell Changed His Mind About

Speaking in French.

In Lord Redesdale's "Memoirs" there are some stories of Lord Beaconsfield. The following is particularly characteristic:

"There was one amusing incident in connection with the Berlin congress. One day it was announced that on the morrow Lord Beaconsfield was to address the assembled statesmen and that he would speak in French. Lord Odo Russell, who was a master of tongues, heard this with no little alarm, for it was well-known that Lord Beaconsfield's French was very much of the Stratford-upon-Avon type. Lord Odo, always clever, went to him and adroitly turned the conversation on to the next day's conference. Lord Beaconsfield announced his intention of speaking.

"In what language do you propose to speak?" asked Lord Odo.

"In French," was the answer.

"I am afraid that will be a very great disappointment to the colleagues," said Lord Odo. "You see, they know that they have here in you the greatest living master of English oratory, and of course they are longing to hear you."

The great man smiled his pleasure, and the speech was delivered, in English. Lord Odo was wont to declare that he never knew whether Lord Beaconsfield took the hint or accepted the compliment.

"The Measure.

The ancient Judge sat before the scales of worth.

"Bring forth the royal treasure!" cried, and the hurrying slaves poured into the huge pans sacks of golden metal, caskets of sparkling gems until it seemed as if all the wealth of earth were there. Yet the balance never stirred.

"Let the learning of the ages be added," came the order, and tons upon tons of the wisdom of sages, philosophers, scientists and poets was heaped upon the pile. And still the great arm of the scales remained high in air.

"Add now the men of power and high position," said the Judge, "and the scale will fall." But all in vain.

"But what is on the other side that outweighs all these?" asked one.

"It is character," said the Judge.

Farce.

Walter Was Puzzled.

This is a true story. Little Walter, whose father is a professor in a middle west university, was scrutinizing his parents closely and said: "Father, you have such heavy eyebrows, and mother has hardly any. What are eyebrows for?" The father replied, impromptu: "Why, eyebrows are to eyebrows to keep the perspiration from getting into people's eyes when they work hard."

"But, father," protested Walter, "I don't see how that can be, for mother would need to be many times heavier than yours!" And father was lost in thought.—Christian Register.

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The Herald is the favorite newspaper.

NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE NOTES

New Hampshire College, Durham, N. H., March 9.—Student after student hurrying through the lower corridor of Thompson Hall on the way to classes this morning stopped and picked up a stamped and addressed envelope which lay on the floor. The victims found the address to read: "Buy a Granite!"

The letter is the latest step in a curious campaign of "psychological advertising" being carried on by Roy Graham of Canda, who is business manager of the year book "The Granite" published by the Junior class. Two days ago victim after victim picked up a lost pocketbook. An examination showed its contents to consist of one card bearing the legend "Do it now! Buy a Granite!" The bulletin boards have been covered with gaily colored posters each day and even in chapel the undergraduate's attention has been directed by the necessity of passing on a neatly wrapped brick, bearing in bold letters some suggestion as to the purchasing of a Granite.

The manager declares he has just had from the library and read with care, a volume entitled "The Psychology of Advertising" and that he is now applying the theories of the writer. The Granite will not appear until April but several hundred subscriptions have already been received.

Durham, March 9.—Dr. A. E. Richards of the department of English has assigned parts and set a date for the performances of scenes from Shakespeare which are to be part of the observance here of the Shakespeare Tercentenary. The scenes which have been selected from half a dozen plays it is now announced will be given the evening of April 25 in the college gymnasium, and there will be Shakespearean music by the college orchestra.

Among those who will have leading parts are: Ernest L. Bell of Plymouth who will be the Falstaff; Miss Eleonora Currier of Lochmere, who will be the Katherine of "Taming of the Shrew"; Miss Erna Lary of Berlin, who will be Rosalind, and Miss Marguerite Merrill of Franklin, who will be Portia.

Miss Elizabeth Rollins, who has charge of physical culture for women, is training a group of 100 students in Morris dances which will be given at the same time.

Professor E. R. Groves, dean of the Arts and Science faculty, and professor of sociology has just completed a book "Outlines of Rural Sociology" which will be published in August by a New York house.

Professor Groves is one of the authorities in this country on rural sociology and the book is something which will be of greatest value to an interested in, or engaged in solving present-day problems of rural communities. There has been a nationwide demand for Professor Groves' "Bibliography of Rural Sociology" which was issued by the college as a bulletin.

POLICE NEWS

No arrests were made yesterday up to midnight, two lodgers having the station to themselves for the night.

NOTICE

PORTSMOUTH ELECTRIC RAILWAY

Change in Schedule on Main Line.
TO RYE, NORTH HAMPTON,
HAMPTON, ETC.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Market St. 6:35 a.m. for Cable Road.
North Hampton. 7:25
Cable Road. 7:00
Sagamore Hill. 7:35
Sagamore Hill. 8:05
Cable Road. 10:05
Rye Beach P. O. 11:05
North Beach and Hampton.

Rye Centre. 11:03
North Hampton. 12:05
North Beach and Hampton. 1:05
North Beach and Hampton. 2:05
North Beach and Hampton. 3:05
North Beach and Hampton. 4:05
North Beach and Hampton. 5:05
North Beach and Hampton. 6:05
Rye Centre (daily). 7:05
Cable Road. 8:05
Rye Beach P. O. 9:05
North Hampton. 10:05
Saturdays ONLY.

Little Boar's Head. 8:05
Little Boar's Head. 9:05
North Hampton. 10:05
SUNDAYS.

Cars run through hourly from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.; 6:05 p.m. and 9:05 p.m. to North Hampton.

RETURNING WEEK DAYS

Leave Market St. 6:05 a.m. 7:41 a.m.
Sagamore Hill. 7:25 7:30
Cable Road. 7:27 8:00
North Hampton. 7:30 8:00
Sagamore Hill. 7:35 8:00
Cable Road. 8:37 8:00
Rye Beach P. O. 9:40 10:05
Cable Road. 10:37 11:00
Rye Centre. 11:32 12:00 noon
North Hampton. 12:05 p.m. 1:00 p.m.
North Hampton. 1:05 p.m. 2:00 p.m.
North Beach. 2:05 3:00
North Beach. 3:05 4:00
North Beach. 4:05 5:00
North Hampton. 5:15 6:00
North Beach. 6:05 7:00
North Hampton. 7:00 8:00
Rye Centre. 7:32 8:00
Cable Road. 8:36 9:00
Rye Beach P. O. 9:35 10:00
North Hampton. 10:00 11:00

Arrive Market St.

12:00 noon. 1:00 p.m.
8:00. 9:00. 10:00. 11:00

12:00 noon. 1:00 p.m.

12:00 noon. 1:0

North Church, Sunday, 7.30 P. M.
Speaker, Rev. Willard Scott
Subject, "Our Moral Movies and How They Work"

An interesting discussion of education and character by a very popular speaker.

LOCAL DASHES

More snow.
 Hallbut at Clark's Branch.
 Church attendance is growing.
 Not many unemployed in this city.
 Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch, Tel. 113.

Snow shovels worked overtime on Thursday.

The weather prophet is among those who guess.

Secret orders are looking for larger membership.

The small boy is being delayed with a game of marbles.

Best of roul and confectionery at Parsons Bros. Tel. 29.

Upholstering; hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 610.

Our confessions are the kind that make friends at the first trial. Parsons Bros.

According to the calendar there are only nine more days of winter. Let us hope this is correct.

Do your screens need brightening up? C. & M. enamel will make them look like new. Screen Blank and British at the Matthews' Hardware Store, opp.

Our ice cream is made from genuine cream and purest ingredients. A trial will convince you of its superiority. Parsons Bros. Tel. 29. Delivered Saturday.

The invasion of United States territory by Mexicans is a matter of less nearer home than a possible invasion by some European nation after the present war.

LOCOMOTIVE OFF THE TRACK AT HAMPTON

Local Wreckers Called for Nearly All-Night Job.

The Portsmouth wrecking crew of the Boston and Maine railroad worked until nearly 3 o'clock Friday morning at Hampton where a large locomotive and one car of what is known as the milk train, were on the ground. The westbound track was blocked to traffic for a good part of the night and trains were moved east and west on single track around the scene of trouble.

WHITE & HODGDON, TEL. 123.

Fresh shoulders from small pigs, 15c lb. Smoked shoulders, sugar cured, 15c lb. Corned beef, mild pickled, 10c to 15c lb. Veal, large, fat and of right age. Powl as good as those of last week. Butter, straight New York creamery, 35c lb. Best quality prunes, all new fruit, 2 lbs. for 25c. 25c. Fancy grape fruit (our usual kind) 25c. Cranberries, celery, lettuce, spinach, beet greens and cauliflower.

CHRIST CHURCH NOTES.

Every Saturday throughout Lent, beginning with tomorrow at 9 o'clock, there will be a children's mass at the church.

The Cadets are asked to wear their uniforms.

The next Scout meeting of Troop 1, will be held on Wednesday evening, at 7.30 o'clock.

OUR CANDY SPECIAL.

Marshmallow Nubbin Creams, 25c a lb. A wrapped chocolate caramel with marshmallow and nuts. Adams' Drug Store, on Market street.

DRAWN AS GRAND JUROR.

Jethro H. Swett, of Kittery, has been drawn as grand juror for the United States district court which opens at Portland on April 4.

APRIL DELINEATORS

With designs new in lines and fashion detail for the New Spring Fabrics.

STYLES FOR THE JUNIOR AND HER SMALL SISTER.

Styles to please every mother and her small daughter.

The vest is very new and so is the bell sleeve and the flare in the Coat and Skirt.

The farthingale is the logical development of the full skirt.

THE D. F. BORTHWICK STORE

N. H. HOTEL MEN TO MEET HERE

Many Important Questions to Be Discussed--Visitors From All Over New England to Be Present

The first year mid-meeting of the New Hampshire Hotel Association will be held in this city at the Rockingham hotel on Friday, March 24, afternoon and evening.

Many subjects of importance to hotel men are to be discussed and noted upon.

One of the chief subjects to be considered and noted on is "The Uniform School Law." This is a movement for the uniform later opening and closing of schools, a matter of vital importance to hotels, extending the summer resort season for many people who at present are obliged to return to the city for the opening of schools in Sept.

McLain D. Chatto, chairman of the committee from the Maine Hotel Association and senator from York county is to speak on this subject and it is expected that a member from the New Hampshire state department of public instruction will give his views.

Relative merits of the American and European plans for hotels is to be discussed by William W. Davis of Ryerbank Court, Cambridge, Mass.

The business session starts at two p. m. and the evening will be devoted to an informal dinner.

George Q. Parker of Portsmouth is president of the New Hampshire Association. A. P. Fairfield of Hanover is vice president, William G. Ward of Newport the secretary and Oliver J. Peirce of Concord, the treasurer.

Invitations to be present have been accepted by officers of the hotel association of New York, New England, Massachusetts, Boston city, Maine, Vermont and Connecticut, who will give an outline of the work being done by their respective organizations.

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COMMISSION AT LAST ARRIVES

John H. Dowd to Assume Duties as Postmaster on Tuesday.

The long delayed commission bearing the official signature of President Woodrow Wilson, of John H. Dowd, the recently appointed postmaster of this city, to succeed Joseph P. Connor, arrived on Thursday. Mr. Connor will turn over the affairs of the department to his successor on Monday evening, and Mr. Dowd will commence his new duties on Tuesday morning.

THE HERALD HEARS

That Marcell is behaving like a roaring lion.

That Mr. Elliot Fisherion says he often gets married stranded on the shore in the coldest.

That this man can always hand them one in the way of a fish story.

That the wagon is having a hard pull owing to its heavy load and the big snow fall.

That coat is selling for \$50 per ton in Italy.

That the people there will certainly welcome spring.

That the water wagon won't even stop for soft drinks.

That every married woman is delighted with the popularity of her husband if he is not too popular with other females.

That a swell couple from Boston went to Kittery on Thursday and were married quietly.

That it cost them big money to be buried around the road in the heavy snow but they had the price and money was no object.

That Letter Carrier Ralph Biggar was badly bitten by a dog on Thursday.

That a blind man will never whip you on sight.

That the bird decorations recommended by fitters for men will drive more than one man to the tall timbers and the flowing cup.

That the millionaire lady must have favorites from the fact that she doesn't treat all hands alike.

That the Irenes were just changing some of the apparatus from wheels to runners when the alarm came in today.

That the fact that you can see a man's finish does not indicate that he is polished.

That Portsmouth has 50 grocers. No need to go hungry if you've got the price.

GAVE HER TIN SHOWER.

Nurses Entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Downing.

A number of nurses invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Downing.

Ore, is to address the evening service at the Miller Avenue Methodist church on Sunday. He is said to be a very able and interesting speaker. This is his first appearance in Portsmouth.

A BIG ICE CROP.

What the Several Firms Cut and Stored at Milton and Sanbornton.

Few people realize the great amount of ice cut and stored each winter at Sanbornton and Milton, for the several companies. The crop this year is extra large as will be seen by the following:

At Sanbornton the Boston Ice Co. took out and stored 57,000 tons and the Independent Ice Company, 50,000 tons, making a total of 107,000 tons. The Maplewood Ice Co. cut and shipped 10,000 tons from Sanbornton. At Alton 210,000 tons were cut and stored in the houses of the several companies as follows: Downing Ice Co., 30,000; J. R. Porter, 50,000; Boston Ice Co., 50,000; Metropolitan Ice Co., 60,000; Lynn Ice Co., 20,000.

DEATH OF CLARENCE JOHNSON.

The news of the death of Clarence Johnson for many years private secretary to United States Senator Galusha, will be received with much regret. He was an able official at Washington and was one of the best known men at the capital.

Read the Want Ads.

THE SCENIC HIGH STREET.

HIGH CLASS PHOTOPLAYS.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Moving Pictures and Dancing as Usual.

The Picture Program includes William S. Hart in a Two-Reel Western Drama.

THE LAURELS OF TEARS is a Biograph three-reel drama.

IN THE LAND OF ADVENTURE is a three-reel Edison drama of great plot strength.

Tonight Is the Big Night-COME EARLY!

Islington Street

FOR SALE

8-Room House

\$1500

BUTLER & MARSHALL,

5 Market Street

WALDEN'S MARKET

VAUGHAN ST.

OUR PRICES LOWEST IN THE CITY

Print Cutter.....33c lb

Salt Pork.....9 lbs for \$1.00

Beet All-Round Flour.....9c bag

Good Peas.....2 cans for 15c

Best Pure Lard.....12 1/2 lbs

Lamb Legs.....19c lb

Good Corn.....2 cans for 15c

Slickney & Poor's Cream Tarter.....12c pkg

Pig's Liver.....4 lbs. for 25c

Bacon, machine sliced.....18c lb

Lenox Soap, 7 bars for 25c, or 30 bars for \$1.00

Baileys Ham.....30c lb

Smoked Shoulders.....13c lb

Fresh Shoulders.....14c lb



About this time the boy needs an extra pair of pants to help carry the winter suit into spring suit time. A big invoice of boys' "Knickers" has just arrived and we are in a splendid condition of "preparedness" to supply every boy in town. Lots of "corduroys" included in the "showing" at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Henry Peyser & Son

"Selling the Tops of the Period."

PHONE YOUR ORDERS



Should it be inconvenient or impossible for you to visit our store personally, just phone in and we shall be glad to fill your orders by messenger.

Care will be used to select just what you want; and a reasonable quantity of merchandise will be sent for your examination or selection.

Remember we wish to serve you in every way possible.

MONTGOMERY'S MUSIC AND ART STORE

TELEPHONE, 1027W

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

BAY STATE LIQUID PAINT IS NEW ENGLAND MADE

Which in itself is sufficient argument in favor of its quality. Made of pure white lead and zinc and tinted with the strongest colors thoroughly ground and mixed with pure linseed oil.

Pryor-Davis Co.

DISTRIBUTORS FOR PORTSMOUTH

At The Old Hardware Store

Telephone 509.

36 Market Street.

Alyear Worsteds

We want men who are interested in good cloth, to see our ALYEAR WORSTEDS. Made of the best of Australian wool in the best mill in the country. Just the thing for men who are looking for service and satisfaction. A large number of our satisfied customers are wearing them. Ask about them.

WOOD, THE TAILOR

Drop Into

Downing's Sea Grill

FOR YOUR LUNCH

Try their pastry—the best in the city.

Take home a bottle of three delicious

oysters fresh from the

three times a week.

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